

A BEREZIN-TYPE MAP ON $L_a^2(\mathbb{C}_+)^*$

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Abstract

In this paper we introduce a map E defined on the Bergman space $L_a^2(\mathbb{C}_+, d\tilde{A})$ as $(Ef)(w) = \int_{\mathbb{C}_+} f(s)|b_{\bar{w}}(s)|^2 d\tilde{A}(s)$, $w \in \mathbb{C}_+$, where \mathbb{C}_+ is the right half plane, $d\tilde{A}(s) = dx dy$ is the area measure and $b_{\bar{w}}(s) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \frac{1+w}{1+\bar{w}} \frac{2Re w}{(s+w)^2}$, $s \in \mathbb{C}_+$. We refer the map E as a Berezin-type map on $L_a^2(\mathbb{C}_+)$. In this work we first investigate the boundedness of the map E on various L^p space and show that the sequence $\{E^n\}$ converges to 0 in norm in the space $L^2(\mathbb{C}_+, d\mu)$ where $d\mu(w) = |B(\bar{w}, w)| d\tilde{A}(w)$, $w \in \mathbb{C}_+$. We then discuss certain algebraic and ergodicity properties of the map E involving subharmonic functions.

MSC: 47B35, 32M15

keywords: Bergman space, the right half plane, Berezin transform, automorphisms, subharmonic functions.

1 Introduction

Let $\mathbb{C}_+ = \{s = x + iy \in \mathbb{C} : \text{Re } s > 0\}$ be the right half plane. Let $d\tilde{A}(s) = dx dy$ be the area measure. Let $L^2(\mathbb{C}_+, d\tilde{A})$ be the space of complex-valued, square-integrable, measurable functions on \mathbb{C}_+ with respect to the area measure. Let $L_a^2(\mathbb{C}_+)$ be the closed subspace [1] of $L^2(\mathbb{C}_+, d\tilde{A})$ consisting of those functions in $L^2(\mathbb{C}_+, d\tilde{A})$ that are analytic. The space $L_a^2(\mathbb{C}_+)$ is called the Bergman space of the right half plane. The functions $H(s, w) = \frac{1}{(s+\bar{w})^2}$, $s \in \mathbb{C}_+$, $w \in \mathbb{C}_+$ are the reproducing kernels [2] for

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