

TOEPLITZ OPERATORS WITH BOUNDED HARMONIC SYMBOLS*

Namita Das[†]

Abstract

In this paper we show that if A and B are two bounded linear operators on the Bergman space $L_a^2(\mathbb{D})$ and $AT_\phi B = T_\phi$ for all $\phi \in h^\infty(\mathbb{D})$ then $A = \alpha I$ and $B = \beta I$ for some $\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{C}$ and $\alpha\beta = 1$. Here $h^\infty(\mathbb{D})$ is the space of all bounded harmonic functions on the open unit disk \mathbb{D} .

MSC: 47B35

Keywords: Toeplitz operators, Bergman space, bounded harmonic function, Bergman shift, Hardy space

1 Introduction

Let $n \in \mathbb{N}$ and $L_a^{2,n}(\mathbb{D})$ be the Hilbert space of all analytic functions f on \mathbb{D} with finite norm

$$\|f\|_{L_a^{2,n}(\mathbb{D})}^2 = \lim_{r \rightarrow 1} \int_{\mathbb{D}} |f(rz)|^2 d\mu_n(z).$$

The measure $d\mu_1$ is the normalized Lebesgue arc length measure on the unit circle \mathbb{T} and for $n \geq 2$ the measure $d\mu_n$ is the weighted Lebesgue area measure given by $d\mu_n(z) = (n-1)(1-|z|^2)^{n-2}dA(z)$, $z \in \mathbb{D}$, where $dA(z) = \frac{dx dy}{\pi}$, $z = x + iy$, is the planar Lebesgue area measure normalized so that the unit disk \mathbb{D} has area 1. The space $L_a^{2,1}(\mathbb{D}) = H^2(\mathbb{D})$, the standard Hardy space, the space $L_a^{2,2}(\mathbb{D}) = L_a^2(\mathbb{D})$, is the unweighted Bergman space and

*Accepted for publication in revised form on January 29, 2014

[†]P.G.Department of Mathematics, Utkal University, Vanivihar, Bhubaneswar, Odisha, 751004, India, namitadas440@yahoo.co.in